

| Shackleton's Journey |  |
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| 1901                 | Shackleton was chosen to travel to the Antarctic with Robert Scott on the ship ' <b>Discovery</b> '. They didn't make it to the South Pole because Shackleton fell seriously ill.  |
| 1908                 | Shackleton led his own expedition to the Antarctic on the ship ' <b>Nimrod</b> ' - they climbed Mount Erebus, made scientific discoveries and set a record to coming even closer to the South Pole but they did not make it to the South Pole.<br><br>Shackleton was knighted on his return. |
| 1911                 | Roald Amundsen (Norwegian Explorer) reached the South Pole. Scott also reached the South Pole shortly after, but died on his return journey.   |
| 1914                 | Shackleton's 3 <sup>rd</sup> trip to the Antarctic on his ship ' <b>Endurance</b> '.   |
| Early 1915           | Endurance became trapped in the ice and 10 months later, it sank.<br>Shackleton's crew had to abandon the ship and were living on the ice.   |
| April 1916           | Set off in 3 small boats to reach Elephant Island. In a small boat, they spent 16 days crossing 1,300km of ocean to South Georgia.<br>Remaining men were rescued in <b>August 1916</b> . No one died on this expedition.   |

| Key words   |  |
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| These are the key words that we are going to be learning in Term 3/4. Please help your children learn these as they will need to know the definition. |  |
| Equator   | An imaginary circle around the Earth that is the same distance from the north and south poles.   |
| Northern Hemisphere   | The <b>Northern Hemisphere</b> is the half of Earth that is north of the Equator.  |
| Southern Hemisphere   | The <b>Southern Hemisphere</b> is the half of Earth that is south of the Equator.  |
| Antarctic   | The south polar region   |
| Arctic Circle   | Most northerly of the five major <b>circles</b> on the Earth.  |
| Antarctic Circle  | Most southerly of the five major <b>circles</b> on the Earth.  |
| Continents  | Any of the world's main continuous expanses of land. We are going to learn to name all of these and locate them on the globe.  |
| Oceans  | There are 5 oceans in the world and we are going to be able to name and locate all of them:<br>Arctic Ocean, North Atlantic Ocean, South Atlantic Ocean, Indian Ocean, North Pacific Ocean, South Pacific Ocean and the Antarctic Ocean. |

